PATENT COOPERATION THATY PCT



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicants or agent's file reference							
SCB/50965001	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)					
international application No.	International filing date (day/month)	/year) Priority date (day/month/year)					
PCT/GB99/02241	14/07/1999	14/07/1998					
International Patent Classification (IPC) or nat C12N15/52 Applicant							
JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICA N.V. 6	et al.						
 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this international Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 							
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 9	sheets, including this cover she	et.					
This report is also accompanied to been amended and are the basis (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607)	i lui lius report and/or sheata 🦳	description, claims and/or drawings which have ntaining rectifications made before this Authority is under the PCT).					
These annexes consist of a total of s	heets.						
		•					
This report contains indications relating	ng to the following items:						
1 🖾 Basis of the report							
II Priority		·					
III D Non-establishment of opin	nion with regard to novelty, inver	ntive step and industrial applicability					
Lack of unity of invention							
	er Article 35(2) with regard to not supporting such statement	veity, inventive step or industrial applicability:					
VI Certain documents cited							
VII Certain defects in the inter							
VIII Certain observations on th	e international application	·					
Date of submission of the demand	Date of com	pletion of this report					
8/01/2000	19.12.2000						
ame and mailing address of the international reliminary examining authority:	Authorized o	flicer					
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. 449 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523658 epri Fax: 449 88 2399 - 4485	Wimmer, (
m PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 1994)	Telephone N	0. +49 89 2399 7347					



I.	В	lasis of the report						
 This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the re response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are no the report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).); Description, pages: 								
	7-	63	as originally filed					
	CI	alms, No.:						
	1-4	48	as originally filed					
2.	Wit	th regard to the lang	uage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the nternational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
			valiable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:					
		the language of pu	ranslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). blication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). ranslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule					
3.	Witi inte	h regard to any nucl rnational preliminary	eotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the inte	ernational application in written form.					
		filed together with the	ne international application in computer readable form.					
	furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.							
		furnished subseque	ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.					
		The statement that the international app	the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in blication as filed has been furnished.					
		The statement that is listing has been furn	the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence hished.					
1.]	The	amendments have r	esulted in the cancellation of:					
[-	the description,	pages:					
]	the claims,	Nos.:					
[כ	the drawings,	sheets:					
. ε		This report has been considered to go bev	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been rond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):					

.International application No. PCT/GB99/02241

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this

•	5. Ac	iditional observations, i	f neces:	sary:	•
, I '	V. Le	ick of unity of Inventic	on.		
1	. In	response to the invitation	on to res	strict or pa	ay additional fees the applicant has:
		restricted the claims.		٠.	
		paid additional fees.			
		paid additional fees u	nder pro	otest.	·
		neither restricted nor	paid add	ditional fe	es.
2.	Ø	This Authority found to 68.1, not to invite the	nat the r applicar	requireme nt to restri	ent of unity of invention is not complied and chose, according to Rule ct or pay additional fees.
3.	This	s Authority considers th	at the re	quireme	nt of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is
		complied with.			
	Ø	not complied with for the see separate sheet	he follov	ving reas	ons:
 Consequently, the following parts of the International application were the subject of International examination in establishing this report: 					
	×	all parts.			
		the parts relating to cla	ims No:	s.,	
/.	Rea: citat	soned statement unde ions and explanations	er Artici s suppo	le 35(2) w	rith regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
		ement .	•		
	Nove	elty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	2-4, 6, 8, 11, 13, 14 1, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18-48
	nver	ntive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-48
j	ndus	itrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-48

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

Re Item IV Lack of unity of invention.

The present patent application refers to three members of the NAALADase group of peptidases. Specifically, full-length human NAALADase-L, and two previously unidentified members of the gene family, termed NAALADase-II and NAALADase IV, were isolated from human cDNA.

The common technical feature (Rule 13.2 PCT) to the genes and proteins subject of the current application, is that they belong to the family of NAALADases.

This feature, however, does not define a contribution over the prior art, since several members of NAALADases were already defined in the prior art (document D1, abstract; document D2, and references therein). Thus, since the common technical feature of the inventions claimed in the application is not inventive, unity of invention is compromized.

The claims of the current application are therefore regarded as referring to three different inventions:

- l) human NAALADase-L, Claims 1-4, 10-11, as well as (all partially) 9 and 18-48
- II) NAALADase-II, Claims 5-6, 12-14, as well as (all partially) 9 and 18-48
- III) NAALADase-IV, Claims 7-8, 15-17, as well as (all partially) 9 and 18-48

Since, however, the examination of these different inventions poses no excessive effort, no invitation to restrict or to pay additional fees is extended at the moment.

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Art. 35(2) PCT with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability.

The application does not meet the requirements of Art. 33 PCT since claims 1, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12 and 15 are not novel, and claims 1-48 do not appear to contain an inventive step.

Reference is made to the following documents (the document numbering 1) corresponds to their order of citation in the International search report): D1: SHNEIDER, B.L., ET AL.: "Cloning and characterization of a novel peptidase from rat and human ileum." J.BIOL.CHEM., vol. 272, no. 49, 5 December 1997, pages 31006-31015, XP002129302 D2: LUTHI-CARTER R, ET AL.: "Isolation and characterization of a rat brain cDNA encoding glutamate carboxypeptidase II" PROC, NATL, ACAD, SCI, USA. vol. 95, March 1998, pages 3215-3220, XP002129303

Novelty.

2) The scope of claim 1 extends to a cDNA molecule encoding human NAALADase-L, or a functional equivalent thereof.

In lack of a precise definition of a function which distinguishes human NAALADase- L from the NAALADases already known in the prior art, a similar function is assumed on the basis of protein homology. Vice versa, the known forms of NAALADase-I (D2, entire document, and references therein), as well as rat NAALADase-L (D1, entire document), can be regarded as functional equivalents of human NAALADase-L.

Since this is comprised in the subject-matter of claim 1, this claim can not be regarded as being novel.

The same applies to the related claim 10, which refers to the human NAALADase-L protein itself, or a functional equivalent thereof.

- 3) For the same reasons, the NAALADases known in the prior art can be regarded as functional equivalents of NAALADase-II and NAALADase-IV. Therefore, claims 5 and 12, and claims 7 and 15, the scope of which extends to functional equivalents of NAALADase-II and NAALADase-IV, respectively, cannot be considered to be novel.
- 4) However, claims 2 4 and 11, which refer more specifically to a precise nucleotide or amino acid sequence of human NAALADase-L or splice variants thereof, neither of which have been disclosed entirely in the prior art, can be considered to be novel.

For similar reasoning, claims 6, 13 and 14, and claims 8, 16 and 17, which refer to specific nucleotide or amino acid sequences of human NAALADase-II and human NAALADase-IV, respectively, are regarded as being novel.

- Besides the fact that claim 9 also may depend on the claims 1, 5 and 7, all of which lack novelty, the scope of this claim also lacks a precise definition, since a minimal length of the nucleic acid molecule subject of the claim is not given. It may thus be understood as being limited to a sequence of one or few bases, which have doubtlessy been disclosed in the prior art.

 This claim therefore also lacks novelty.
- 6) Novelty of the claims 18 48 can only be examined if novelty of all claims they depend on has been restored.

Inventive Step.

7) The genes and proteins for human, rat and murine NAALADase-I, and for rat NAALADase-L, were known in the prior art. Also, a cDNA fragment encoding roughly half of human NAALADase-L was described.

The technical problem therefore was the identification of new genes and proteins with similar properties.

The obvious solution to the person skilled in the art would be the identification of genes related to the known NAALADases, by sequence comparison and standard cloning thechniques.

The solution of the present patent application is the provision of human NAALADase-I, human NAALADase-II and human NAALADase-IV.

The identification of the genes was performed by the inventors as follows:

human NAALADase-L:

- With the sequence information from the prior art, PCR primers for the 3' end of human NAALADase-L were designed.
- PCR was performed using commercially available cDNA as template.
- To obtain the 5' end of the gene, a RACE assay was performed using a standard kit.

human NAALADase-II;

- With all sequence informations on NAALADases from the prior art, BLAST searches on EST databases were performed.
- Positive clones were ordered and sequenced. One of them contained an entire reading frame coding for a protein, which was designated NAALADase-II.

human NAALADase-IV:

- Sequence Information from another positive EST clone revealed a partial coding sequence of another NAALADase. This sequence was used in a second BLAST comparison to EST databases.
- The resulting sequence information yielded a contig encoding a protein, which was designated NAALADase-IV. Isolation of the entire gene was performed by PCR.

The isolation of these genes has thus clearly been performed by standard methods used in the field, and was based on sequence information of the known NAALADases.

Since moreover the new NAALADases do not seem to show a surprising effect, the identification and isolation of the genes and proteins therefore lacks an inventive step.

Thus, claims 1-8 and 10-17, which refer to the NAALADases subject of the application, and to the nucleic acids encoding said NAALADases, are regarded as not complying with Art. 33(3) PCT.

8) Dependent claims 9 and 18-48 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of novelty and/or inventive step.

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DAQKLDEKHGGSAPPD-SSYRGSLKVPDNVGPGFTGNFSTQKVMPHIHSTNEVTRIYNVGTDRFAVEPDRYVTIKG DAEILDRYLGGIAPPD-KSYRGALNVSDSIGPGFTGSDSFRKVRPHVYNINKITRIYNVGTDRFSVEPDRYVTIKG RDLBCNLNGTLAPATVQGALGCHDRLGPGFRPDGDFPADSQVNVSVYNRLELRNSSNVMGTDRFAVEPDRYVTNYS SPHTGDQEYQDGVPKIPTACITVEDAEHHSRHASHGIKIVIQLKGGAKTYPDTDS-FNTVAEBUTGSKYPEQVYTNSG QITNTTRALSFNNRFTTTASGAQASDWLANEURSLISSLPGSRTGQIKHSGYNQ-KSVVLTTAGESEKPNEDVTVG QITGTDSSLESFTNRFTTTTSGAQASDWIASEVQALSASLPNASVKQVSHSGYNQ-KSVVHTDTGSEAPNEDVTVG QITGTDSSLESFTNRFTTTTSGAQASDWIASEVQALSAGYTTTTQQFTSGGATG-YWHTDTGSEAPNEDVTVG NNGGNRAHGRPGYKASVDYVKAKLDAAGYTTTTTQQFTSGGATG-YWHTDTGSEAPNEDVTVAAAA	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	RLLQENGVAYTNANSSI-EGNYTLRYDCNPLLYQLVYKLNKENSPDDGFESKSLYESWIKKSPSPEFSGHPRISKLG KILQENSIAYNNSNSSI-EGNYTLRYDCNPLLYQLVYKLNKENSPDDGFESKSLYESWLEKDPSPENKNLPRINKLG KL-QENTVAYTNNYNSSI-EGNYTLRYDCNPPLYQLVYKLNKENSPDDGFESKSLYESWLEKDPSPENKNLPRINKLG KL-QENTVAYTNYNNSSPVYGLVPSANKENPINEEWHSLLQPLNITQ
NAALAD I NAALAD II NAALAD L NAALAD IV APE 3 yeast P96152 AMPX vibpr APX Strgr	NAALAD I NAALAD II NAALAD L NAALAD IV APE 3 yeast P96152 AMPX vibpr	NAALAD I NAALAD II NAALAD L NAALAD L NAALAD IV APE 3 yeast P96152 AMPX vibpr

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

FIG. S. (CONTINUED)

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 SCNDFEVFBORLEIASGRARYTHETNKFSGYPLYHHVYENYENYELWEKFYDPHIKYH-1 THONDGG		AGSDYAPFVHFLEISSHDIAYTYDRSKTSARIYPTYNNIAFINFDYADKFLOPGSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG			YACSDHASILHKASISAAHPFESIJFKDYNPKILHISQINLANSDPTGNHAVIJTKLGIAWITFHAN			
NAALAD I	NAALAD II	NAALAD L	NAALAD IV	APE 3 yeast	P96152	AMPX vibpr	APX Strgr	•